

SICCOTA®

EFFICIENT PROTECTION OF GRAPHITE MATERIALS
AGAINST CORROSION & OXIDATION



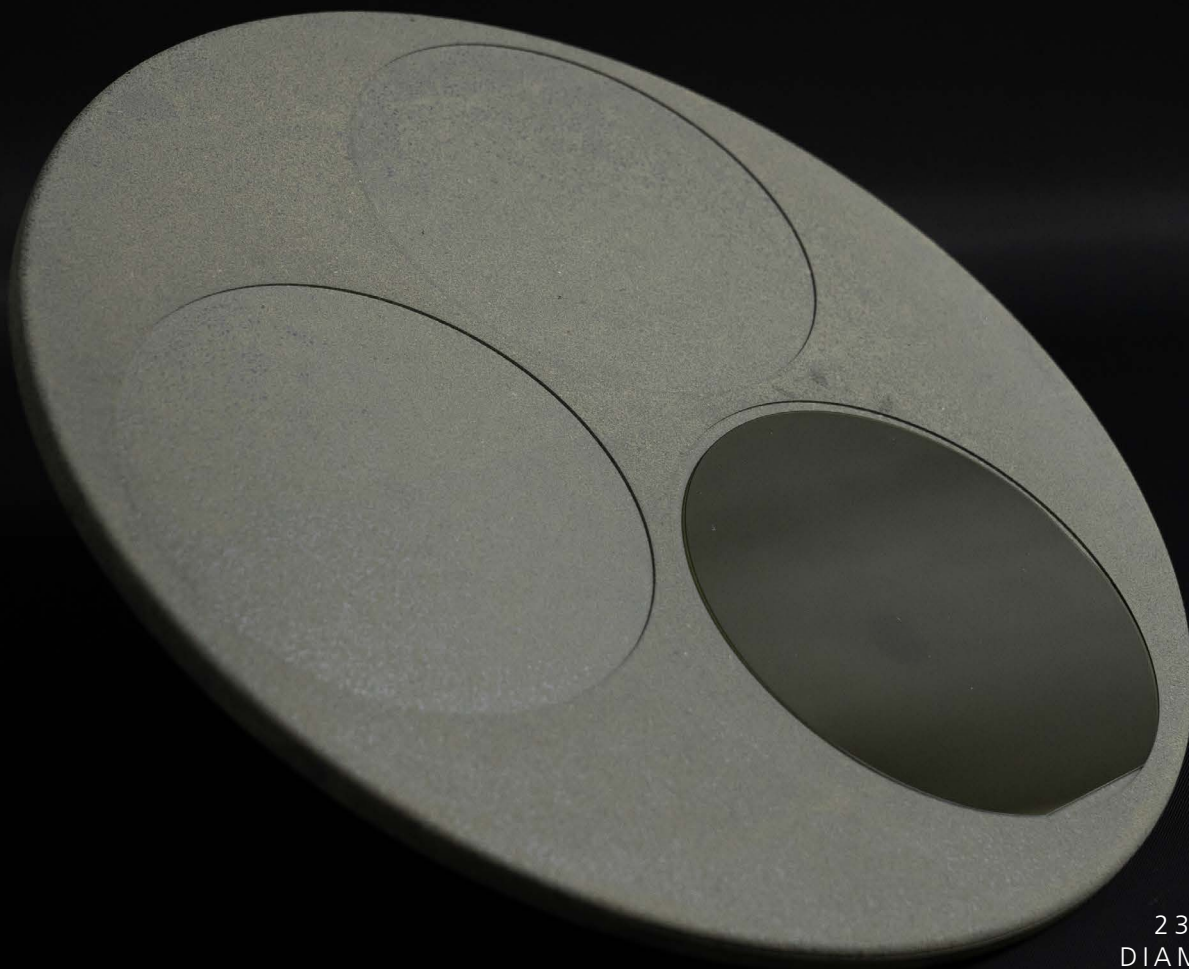
NIPPON
KORNMEYER



Fraunhofer
IISB

SICCOTA®

INCREASES LIFETIME OF GRAPHITE PARTS IN EPITAXY PROCESSES



230 mm
DIAMETER
PLANETARY DISC

EFFICIENT PROTECTION

Nippon Kornmeyer Carbon Group GmbH and Fraunhofer IISB present their 2nd innovative and patented **coating technology SICCOTA®**.

The corrosion and oxidation resistant SiC coating can be applied to isostatic pressed graphite substrates and used in semiconductor production and processing steps along the value chain. SICCOTA® protects graphite parts from decomposition and corrosion in typical high temperature and reactive gas processes like SiC / nitride epitaxy and oxidation, resulting in longer lifetime and improved cost of ownership.

R&D BY FRAUNHOFER IISB:

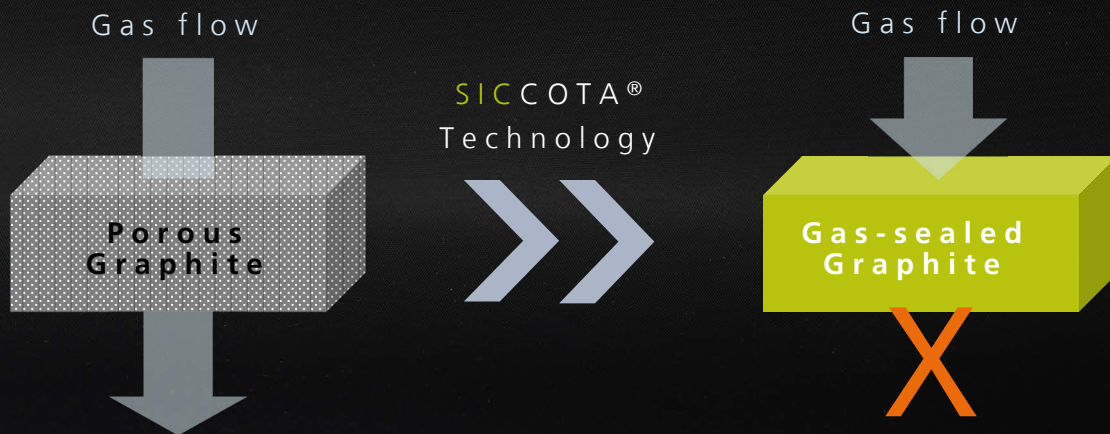
- Delivery of test parts and application demonstrators
- Application testing support
- Custom tailored coating developments and short feedback loops
- R&D project collaboration

PARTS SUPPLY BY NIPPON KORNMEYER CARBON GROUP GMBH:

- From small batches to relevant production quantities

The **SICCOTA®** coating technology utilizes a dense SiC layer resulting in a highly efficient surface sealing of the porous graphite substrate.

As a result, the gas permeability of graphite materials is drastically reduced by sealing the surface near pores during the coating process.



Darcy's Permeability tests (according to EN 993-4 : 1995) of **SICCOTA®** samples show a gas permeability of at least three orders of magnitude lower in comparison to original state.

ADVANCED COATING TECHNOLOGY

INCREASES SERVICE LIFE OF GRAPHITE PARTS AND MAKES SEMICONDUCTOR PROCESSES MORE ECONOMIC

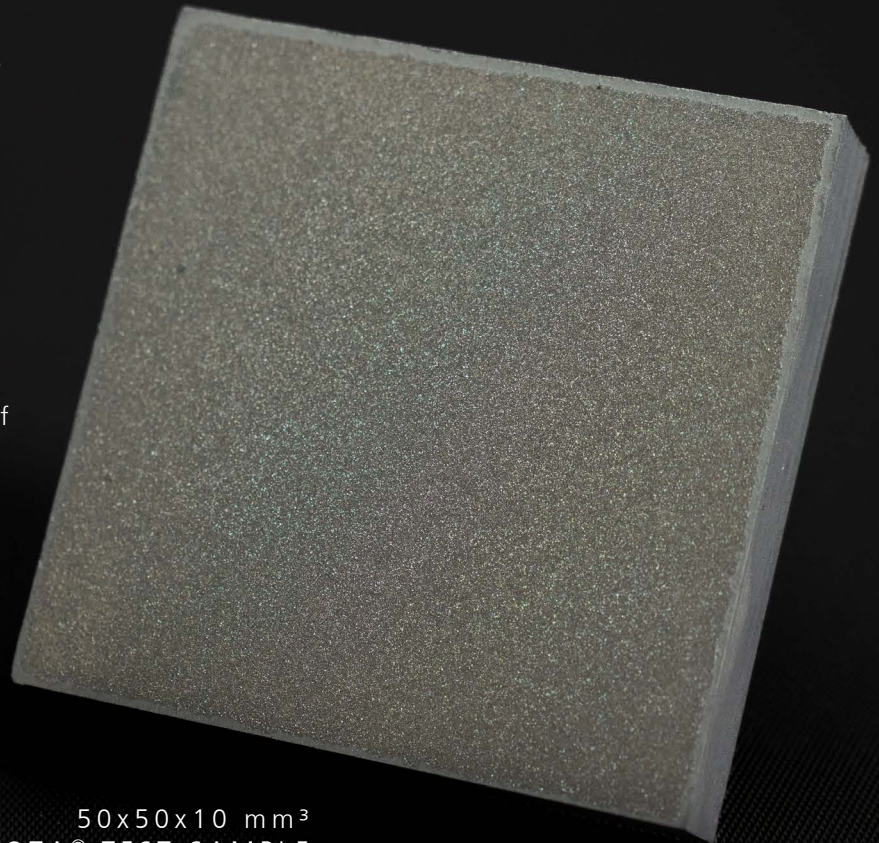
COATING FEATURES AND BENEFITS

- Protection of graphite part (avoidance of contact reactions)
- High temperature resistance ($>1600\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$)
- Resistance against corrosive, reducing and oxidizing gases
- Wear resistance and excellent adhesion to the substrate
- Low gas permeability due to highly dense crystalline SiC structure

TECHNOLOGY BENEFITS

- Applicable to graphites of different porosity & thermal expansion (CTE)
- Flexibility in part size and geometry
- Partial and all-around coating possible
- Resource efficient and environmentally friendly
- Use of conflict-free materials only

- Cross cut test after DIN EN ISO 2409:2013-06 revealed that **SICCOTA®** is classified as ISO 0
- Pull off test after DIN EN ISO 4624:2014-06 shows **8 MPa** adhesive strength to the graphite substrate before failure of the adhesive used for the measurements



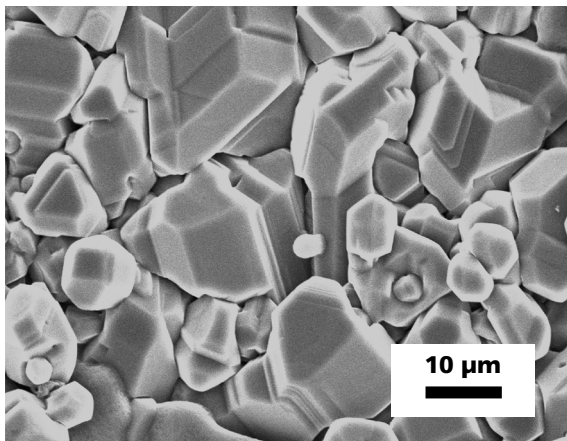
50x50x10 mm³
SICCOTA® TEST SAMPLE

COATING MORPHOLOGY

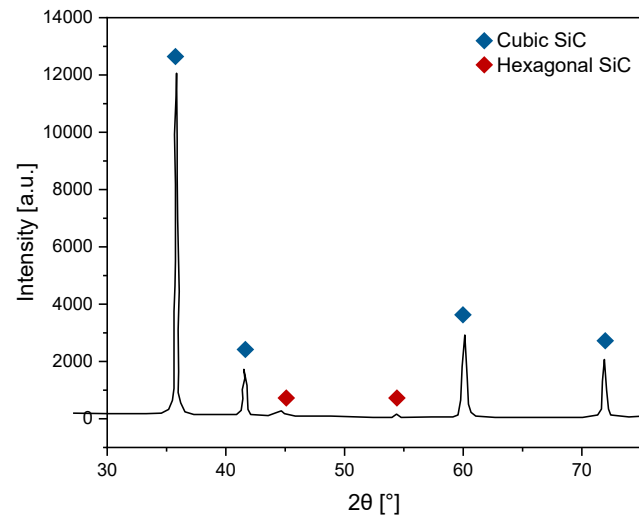
HIGH QUALITY SILICON CARBIDE LAYER

The dense polycrystalline SiC layer mainly consists of cubic SiC (99.97 %) and therefore is a proper candidate for protection of graphite parts.

SEM-IMAGE OF THE SiC COTA® COATING SURFACE



XRD-DIFFRACTOGRAM OF THE SiC COTA® COATING



Contactless measurements of the coating surface with a 3D profilometer shows an average roughness R_a of 1-2 µm.

SICCOTA®

INCREASES LIFETIME OF GRAPHITE PARTS IN OXIDATION PROCESSES

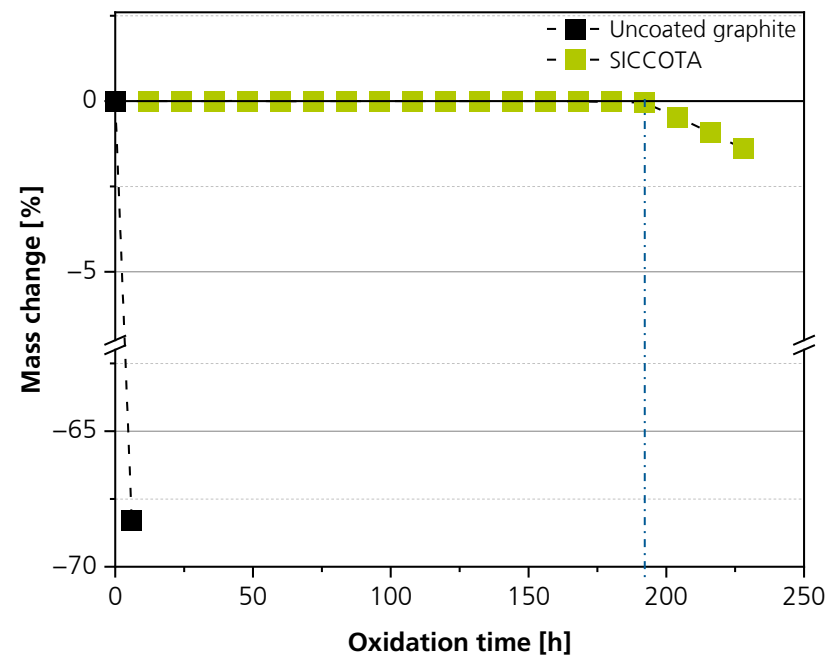


200 mm
DIAMETER
BAFFLE

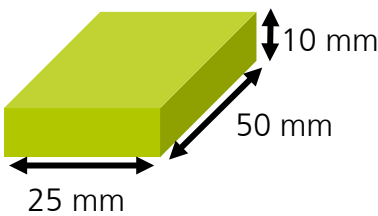
230 mm
DIAMETER
BAFFLE FRAME

HIGH OXIDATION RESISTANCE

OXIDATION OF SURFACE-SEALED GRAPHITE SAMPLES AT 1100°C UNDER CONTINUOUS AIR FLOW



Test sample geometry



To measure oxidation resistance, the mass change [%] of a sample in an oxidizing environment was measured at time increments. Increased oxidation resistance of the SICCOTA® treated graphite was confirmed with no mass change after 192 hours in an oxidizing environment.

SICCOTA®

WITHSTANDS SiC EPITAXY CONDITIONS

230 mm **SICCOTA®** PLANETARY
DISC FOR 4 INCH WAFERS

130 mm **SICCOTA®**
WAFER CARRIER AFTER
SiC EPITAXY RUN

- HIGH RESISTANCE IN REDUCING
(H₂) ATMOSPHERES
- LOW CONTAMINATION LEVEL
OF PROCESSED SiC WAFERS

LOW CONTAMINATION LEVEL OF SiC WAFER AFTER EPITAXY RUN USING **SICCOTA®** WAFER CARRIER

Detection limit (dl)	Species	Processed SiC Wafer (Si-plane)		Unprocessed SiC-Wafer (Si-plane)	Industrial epitaxy process
0.031	Li	<dl		<dl	n.m.
0.126	Na	7.157		1.068	n.m.
1.125	Al	1.583		<dl	n.m.
0.115	K	11		0.364	0.053
0.738	Ca	2.641		18.78	<dl (0.05)
0.016	Ti	1.52		<dl	<dl (0.03)
0.063	V	1,58		<dl	<dl (0.02)
0.471	Cr	<dl		<dl	0.105
0.051	Mn	<dl		<dl	0.488
0.270	Fe	0.385		<dl	0.306
0.108	Co	0.412		<dl	<dl (0.02)
0.363	Ni	1.448		<dl	<dl (0.25)
0.618	Cu	<dl		<dl	<dl (0.14)
0.032	Zn	0.3		<dl	<dl (0.05)
0.565	As	<dl		<dl	<dl (0.21)
0.015	Sr	<dl		<dl	<dl (0.003)
0.008	Cd	<dl		<dl	<dl (0.004)
0.010	Ba	0.012		0.051	<dl (0.001)
0.001	Ta	0.077		0.066	0.058
0.012	Pb	<dl		<dl	<dl (0.002)
0.002	Bi	<dl		<dl	<dl (0.001)

Values for surface contamination in 1E10 at/cm², measured by VPD ICP-MS on Si-side (upwards) of virgin & processed epi-ready Ø100 mm SiC-wafer.

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